

OEM Manual (EN)

Version UMTT-BT OEM rev. 2.3 date 08/04/2020









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1 Introduction

CUBO₂ Smart is an high efficiency condensing unit (for CO2 transcritical application) equipped with BLDC variable speed compressor. It is compact, easy to install and can directly communicate with the refrigerated units.

Thanks to these features it is a very efficient (even at partial load) without any compromise with the food conservation.

This manual refers to CUBO₂ Smart models designed for cooling and conservation at low temperatures. They are identified as:



2 Safety issues with CO₂ - Safe handling

When the R744 (CO2) is being handled, a qualified person must be present with the suitable equipment. CO2 has no smell or colour and the operator would not be aware if there were any leaks. The effects of increased CO2 levels on adults at good health can be summarized:

CO ₂ cond	entration	Effects
% ppm		
0,04 %	< 400	Normal outdoor level
0,06 %	< 600	Acceptable levels
0,50 %	5000	8hours - Long Term Exposure Limit
1,5 %	15.000	15 minute - Short Term Exposure Limit.
3 %	30.000	Intoxicating, breathing and pulse rate increase, nausea.
10 %	100.000	Inconscious, further exposure death.
30 %	300.000	Quick death.

2.1 Precaution

- ☑ Dedicated pressure relief valves are necessary in all those sections of the system which can be isolated by shut valves. Due to the high thermal coefficient of expansion of liquid CO2, fluid pipes must not be blocked.
- ☑ All SCM units are protected against overpressure with pressure relief valves when required according to EN378 and PED.
- ☑ Given the high pressure that system can reach during operation, special attention must be paid to connect and regulate the unit.
- ☑ Before carrying out any repairs which involve breaking into the system/soldering or welding, all relevant parts must be emptied of CO2.
- ☑ Do not use other than the designated refrigerant (for charging, adding or recharging)
- ☑ Refrigerant gas leak may cause suffocation.
- ☑ Piping, equipment components and tools should be appropriate for use with R744 (CO2 refrigerant).



- ☑ Use of unsuitable components or those designed for HFC refrigerant may cause serious incidents such as equipment failure and rupture of the refrigerant cycle.
- ☑ Securely place the cover on the electrical box and enclosure panel. Incomplete attachment may lead to penetration of water and living creatures, meaning potential current leak and fire/electrical shock.
- ☑ Do not change the set values of the safety device.
- ☑ Using the refrigeration unit with changed values may cause failure of the safety stop function and lead to a burst or fire.
- ☑ When abnormal operation is detected, or before starting disassembly or repair, turn off the main power switch.
- ☑ Specified components must be used for repair.
- ☑ Use of non-specified components may cause failure of the safety stop function and lead to burst or fire.
- ☑ Incorrect moving may cause falling or dropping of the refrigeration unit, and cause injury.
- ☑ Request a specialty operator for disposing the refrigeration unit.
- ☑ Make sure that access and emergency exit ways are not obstructed to comply with the local regulations.



3 Unit description & Main components

Low temperature condensing unit is equipped with 2 BLDC compressors having the same size. They work as in a booster system. One compressor is taking in charge the evaporation pressure control for the low temperature refrigerated devices. The other one (PARALLEL) is controlling the pressure in the receiver. No flash valve is installed in this unit.

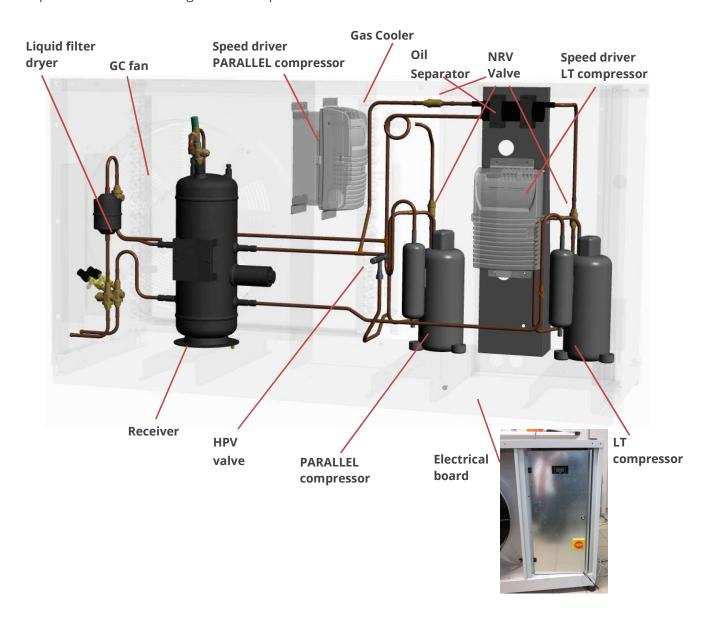
The system operates at the following pressures:

Parallel Compressor discharge pressure (PGC): operating between 45-105 bar.

Parallel Compressor suction pressure/Receiver pressure PREC: operating between 32-60 bar.

LT suction pressure : operating between 12-18 bar.

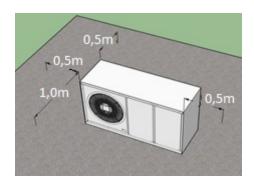
Compressor modulation range: 25 - 100 rps



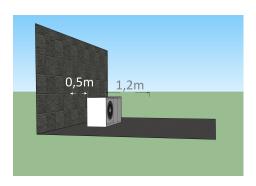


4 Unit installation

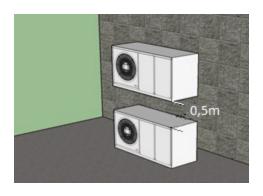
- ☑ The unit has been designed for outdoor installation.
- ☑ Respect distances for correct operation.
- ☑ In the case of several units in series or in parallel mode, respect the minimum distances for properly maintenance.
- ☑ In the case of several units in parallel, avoid the gas cooler air flow direct on second units but install in order to have opposite air flow (see picture).



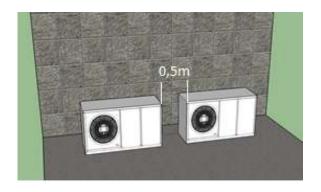
Minimum maintenance distances.



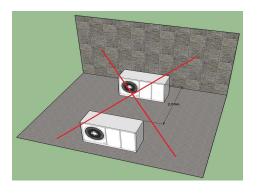
Minimum distances for GC air flow circulation



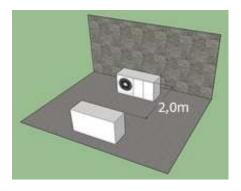
Vertical installation



Horizontal installation



Not permitted!



Installation in series (with opposite GC air flow)

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5 Piping details

5.1 Pipe Connections (Multi-Split or Branch)

The connection between the Condensing Unit and more remote evaporators can be the same one used for Multi-Split or branch system.

The **preferred one** is the one is able to guarantee the **highest gas velocity in the suction line** (for a good oil return) with a low pressure drop.

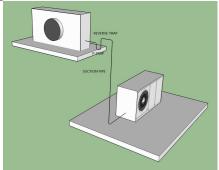
For Multi-Split layout, the system requires a dedicated suction line for each evaporator that will be collected by a manifold installed close to the condensing unit. Please refer to the example reported in the below pictures.

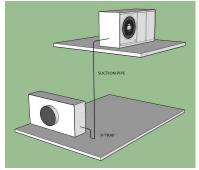


- ☑ For Multi-Split system the collector must be properly sized and installed in a horizontal position
- ☑ SCM Frigo recommends connection with up to 3 remote evaporators, and maximum suction pipe length of 20 meters to each evaporator.
- ☑ Liquid line must be properly sized to supply the farther evaporators (liquid velocity < 1 m/s is suggested).
- ☑ Suction line must be properly sized to have a good oil return with a low pressure drop (gas velocity from 3 to 8 m/s are suggested).
- ☑ The condensing unit connection sizes are not necessarily the correct size for the installed pipe network and should be sized for each installation to ensure acceptable penalties and velocities.

5.2 Oil traps

☑ If UMTT and evaporator are installed at different heights, it is necessary to create piping oil traps. The installation of an oil-trap is recommended (one oil-trap every 2/3 meters of difference in height)







6 Test and inspection before start-up

6.1 Control of the unit tightness

All units are pressure tested and checked for leaks.

Each unit is delivered with a nitrogen holding charge pressure of 2 bar.

It is recommended before proceeding with the installation, to check the pressure of the refrigeration system of the unit using a suitable manifold gauge in order to detect possible leaks.

6.2 Preliminary controls according to EN 60204-1, visual controls

- 1. General PE terminal present and identified.
- 2. All other terminals clearly identified, with the ground symbol or two-colour yellow-green lead.
- 3. Terminals for exclusive connection to the equipotential connections.
- 4. Only one lead connected to each terminal.
- 5. Yellow/green insulation on the ground lead.
- 6. No live leads with yellow or green insulation.
- 7. No pipes or raceways used as lead protections.
- 8. No fuses, switches or circuit breakers on the equipotential protection circuit.
- 9. Lead sizes conform to the minimum sizes given by current standards.

10. Check the electric connections have been made correctly. Especially the phase connections: open the box with the compressor terminal block, the connections must conform to the diagram given in the compressor electric box.

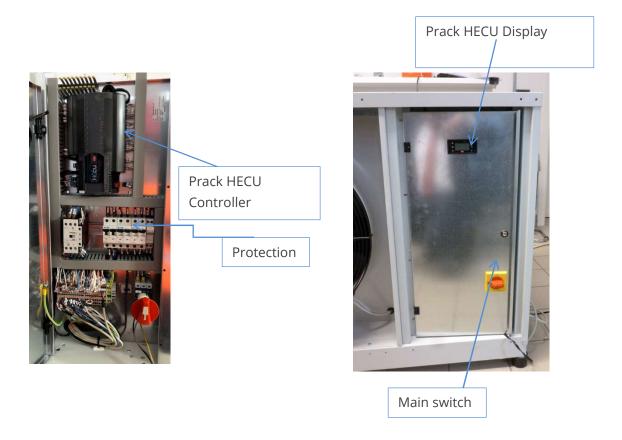
6.3 Management of the system. Configuration of the controllers

The unit is equipped with the controller Carel prackCO2 Hecu, which is managing the working parameters as following

- BT compressor is managed according to suction pressure
- Gas cooler fan is managed to keep the gas cooler outlet temperature few degrees above the external air temperature
- Gas cooler pressure is managed according to the gas cooler outlet temperature in order to achieve the best COP
- Receiver pressure is regulated with a floating set-point within a user defined range (32-40 bar)
- All alarms related to compressor and pressure levels are monitored

Refer to electrical diagram and controller configuration list, attached to this manual, to check the configuration.





6.4 Inspection of the gas cooler

The fan reaches the specified flow rate by rotating in a specific direction as indicated on the unit. The air flow must never be obstructed. Cooling air must never be contaminated; avoid intake from pollutant industrial facilities or from manure yards/slurry or intensive cattle breeding centres, sources of ammonia pollutants.

6.5 Earth connection

The unit must be connected to the ground line, using the terminal provided by the constructor before the unit is turned on for the first time after installation. The customer is responsible for the connection and the efficient grounding in conformity with current legislation in force and for periodically checking the state of the same.



7 Commissioning

The unit leaves the factory without being filled with refrigerant.

The compressor and receiver are pre-charged with oil.

The customer is responsible for charging the system with CO2 and adding more oil **(only if strictly necessary).**

The instruction given herein are a reminder of the best method to protect the unit, which could be seriously damaged in the event it is not filled correctly.

7.1 Evacuation and pre-charge

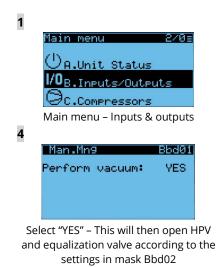


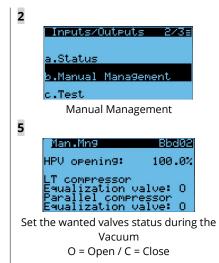
EEVMAG0000

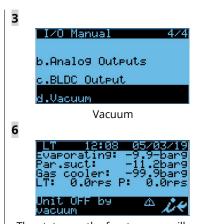
- ☑ Before starting the vacuum procedure, it is necessary to open the high pressure valve (HPV) and the compressor equalization valves.
 - To open the valves a software based function (VACUUM) is available in the Cubo2 Smart SW (find below some details).
 - As an alternative you can open the valves manually. HPV valve can be opened with the Carel magnetic tools supplied with unit. (See photo on side). The magnet opening & closing direction is marked on the top Clockwise to Open.
- ☑ Evacuate the system from both the high and low side condensing unit service connections.
- ☑ Stop the Vacuum procedure only when the "standing vacuum pressure" reach a value of 0.67mbar. During the vacuum process brake the vacuum several time with dry nitrogen.
- ☑ Before starting refrigerant charge, break vacuum WITH ONLY CO2 VAPOUR (all parts of circuit) up to 10bar pressure to avoid dry-ice production.
- ☑ Do not switch on the compressor during this phase!

7.1.1 "VACUUM", SW function details

This function can be activated only while the unit is in OFF (regulation OFF) and the target is to automatically open HPV and Compressors equalization solenoid valves.







The status on the front screen will now indicate "Unit OFF by vacuum", in this state the CDU cannot be set in ON. The above step should be reversed prior to charging the unit



7.2 Refrigerant & Oil Charging

7.2.1 Oil charge



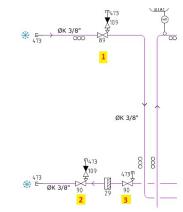
All CUBO₂ Smart are equipped by SCM with an additional pre-charged of 250ml of Oil (type PAG VG100) in the receiver. This info is highlighted with a label applied in the switch panel door.



✓ Take care to avoid moisture ingress. PAG oil is extremely hygrosopic!
 Oil type approved is DAPHNE PZ100S or RENISO PAG100.

7.2.2 Procedure for additional oil refill

- 1. Close the evaporator electronic expansion valve by raising the set point of the cooled space.
- 2. Wait for the CUBO to pump down and switch off the compressors
- 3. Switch off the condensing unit (using ON/OFF command on the display)
- 4. Close ball valve 3 in the CDU (90 on circuit diagram)
- 5. Fully open the evaporator electronic expansion valve using the Carel magnet or using suitable manual process for your EEV
- Vent gas at valve 1 until pressure drops to 0 bar g (check on display)
 Internal check valve (138 on circuit diagram) will prevent emptying the whole circuit
- 7. Connect a line from the oil can to valve 2 (liquid line service port) and using a vacuum being drawn from valve 1 (via the evaporator), pull the oil into the liquid line.
- 8. When all the oil is in the system shut valve 2 (liquid line service port) and continue to pull the system into deep vacuum from valve 1 only.
- 9. When the vacuum is achieved charge vapour through valve 1 up to 10 bar
- 10. Restore the automatic management of evaporator electronic expansion valve and reset the set point if adjusted.
- 11. Open ball valve 3 in the CDU (90 on circuit diagram)
- 12. Switch ON the unit (using ON/OFF command)
- 13. Recharge some additional refrigerant (same quantity removed from liquid line)







7.2.3 Calculation of the refrigerant charge

To calculate the refrigerant quantity to charge in the system you should know:

- ✓ Volume of evaporator coil
- ☑ Diameter and Length of the piping
- ☑ Liquid Receiver volume and Gas Cooler volume

The total charge of refrigerant will be the obtained summing up the single quantity needed for the evaporators, for fill the liquid line and considering the quantity will stay in the Gas Cooler and in the liquid receiver (refer to the below example).

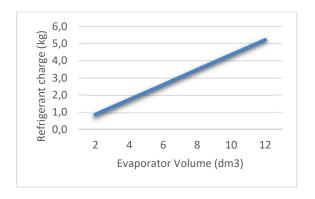
We recommend to use the Excel calculation sheet to calculate the quantity of refrigerant to charge in the system. You can get it from SCMFrigo.

Regardless from the calculation results, the **minimum recommended CO2 charged is 4kg**. For estimation greater than 4kg the quantity of charged CO2 must be the calculated one.

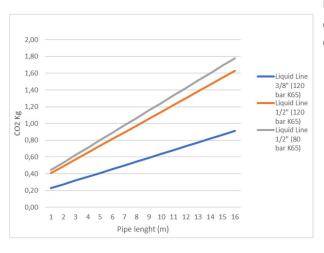
The **max permitted CO2 charge** must guaranty that, in case of pump down at EEV in front of Evaporators, refrigerant inside the receiver **will not exceed 7.2kg**. This is not the total system charge, it is the refrigerant that will be in the receiver when the system pumps down from the evaporator expansion device!

Data for calculation:

Receiver $8L \rightarrow min quantity of CO2 = 2,4 kg$ Gas Cooler $\rightarrow quantity of CO2 = 1,3 kg$



Using this diagram you can calculate refrigerant charge related to the evaporator inner volume.



Using this diagram you can calculate refrigerant charge related to the pipe diameter and length. You can refer even to the following table.



Pipe length (m)

Liquid line	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
K65 - 120bar 3/8"(gr)	230	270	320	360	410	460	500	550	590	640	680	730	770	820	860	910
K65 - 120bar 1/2' (gr)	410	490	570	650	730	810	900	980	1060	1140	1220	1300	1380	1470	1550	1630
K65 - 80 bar 1/2' (gr)	450	530	620	710	800	890	980	1070	1160	1250	1340	1420	1510	1600	1690	1780

Examples of refrigerant charge calculation

Example 1

Receiver	Standing charge	2.4 kg
Gas cooler	Standing charge	1.3 kg
Evaporator Volume 2 dm ³	Calculated from first graph	0.9 kg
Pipe length 8m x K65 3/8"	Calculated from second graph	0.4 kg

Pump	down	(from	Receiver / Evap ≤ 7.2 kg	3.3 kg
evaporato	r)			
Total System Charge			Receiver / Gas Cooler / Liquid line/ Evap	5 kg
			≤7.2kg	
Is charge >	>4kg (min ch	arge)?	Charge >4 kg	5 kg

Total refrigerant to charge is 5kg.

Example 2

Receiver	Standing charge	2.4 kg
Gas cooler	Standing charge	1.3 kg
Evaporator Volume 12 dm ³	Calculated from first graph	5.2 kg
Pipe length 8m x K65 3/8"	Calculated from second graph	0.4 kg

Pump	down	(from	Receiver / Evap ≤7.2 kg	7.6 kg
evaporat	or)			
Total System Charge			Receiver / Gas Cooler / Liquid line/ Evap	9.3 kg
			≤7.2kg	
Is charge	>4kg (min cha	rge)?	Charge >4 kg	9.3 kg

Configuration not permitted. In pump-down condition the refrigerant inside the receiver exceed the max quantity (7,2kg)



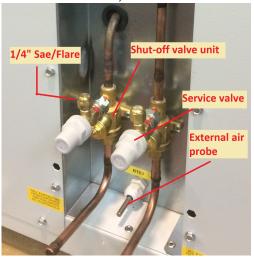
<u>Don't overfeed the unit with excessive charge to avoid compressor damaged.</u>

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7.2.4 Charging procedure

For charging, use port 1/4SAE (7/16"-20UNF) on service valve





(PS120bar - CASTEL 6110E/X15)

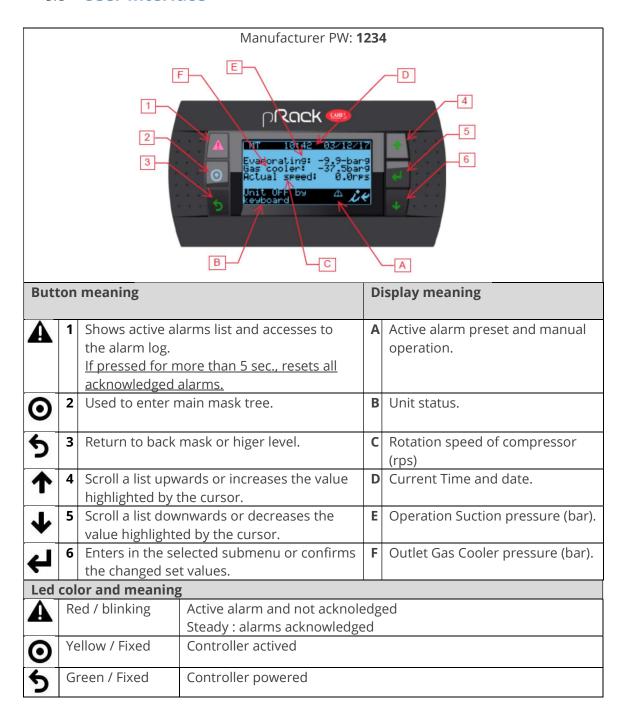
Important remarks about the CO2 charging procedure:

- ☑ CO2 of purity class of N4.0 or comparable or with moisture content <10 ppm must be used.
- ☑ Charge R744 vapour into the system to a pressure of 10 bar g then liquid charge into the liquid line service port until you have charged the amount specified by the charge estimator.
- ☑ Charge CO2 liquid only from liquid line.
- ☑ Charge CO2 gas only from suction line.
- ☑ Never charge CO2 liquid from suction to prevent the breakdown of the compressor.
- ☑ Do not overcharge the system. A liquid overfeed can compromise correct regulation of the unit and the reliability of the compressor (liquid return).
- ☑ **Liquid in the receiver must not never exceed 7,2 kg** (especially in transcritical and defrosting mode).
- ☑ Do not mix CO2 with various other refrigerants.



8 User Interface and main Software features

8.1 User Interface





8.2 On/Off unit

Even if the unit is powered, it will stay in stand-by (regulation OFF) until the user will not turn-on the regulation (regulation ON).

The main steps to switch ON the regulation are reported here below:

From main menu, press "Enter" button and appear access with password (see A mask).

Note.



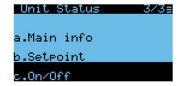
Current mask / total masks. The horizontal rows mean access level Letters and numbers are the name of mask.



Set password (default: 1234) and press "Enter".



Select "Unit Status" and press "Enter".



Select "On/off" and press "Enter"



Press "Enter", to change from off to ON



Press "Enter", to change from on to OFF.



8.3 Regulation set point



Compressors 2/7s
a.I/O status
b.Regulation
c.Working hours

Comp.Regul. Cab01
Regulation mode:
PRESSURE
Regulation type:
FIXED SETP.

Comp.Regul. Cab03
Setpoint: 12.0bar9

Comp.Regul. Cab14 PID press. regulation Differential:: 4.0barg Integral time: 80sec

Comp.Regul. Cab01
Regulation mode:
PRESSURE
Regulation type:
FLOATING SETP.

Setpoint limits
Minimum: 11.0bar9
Maximum: 14.5bar9

Select "Compressor" and press "Enter"

Select "Regulation" and press "Enter

If there are no serial communication between the CDU and the remote evaporators, compressor will be managed with a fixed setpoint.

Suction set point request.

P+I regulation mode.

In case of remote evaporators enabled, regulation type switch automatically from fixed point to floating setpoint

Min. and max. setpoint variation admitted.

- ☑ The above values are the factory settings. They can require some adjustments according to the system response.
- **☑** The factory settings doesn't include the evaporator management.
- ☑ With the standard factory setting the unit will work based on a fixed suction set-point.

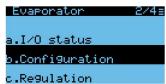


8.4 MPXPRO and ULTRACELLA/EVO CAREL configuration.

☑ When unit is connected to evaporator controller via RS485, regulation type switch automatically from fixed to floating set-point.



Select "Evaporator" and press "Enter"



Select "Configuration" and press "Enter"



Type of controllers connected to the CDU



Number of evap. and capacity of each unit

- ☑ <u>It is important to set the right serial address for each evaporator installed, with following sequence:</u>
- **☑** 11 12 13 (14 15)
- ☑ <u>Differents sequences and address not allowed!</u>
- ☑ Set of effective cooling capacity in order to maximize the result of energy savings with floating suction regulation and in case of defrost



Basic information for each evaporator.

"Description": name of refrigerated units



Start/Stop (On/Off) of evaporating management and light, if present



Setting real clock for history alarm list





Evap. Config. Eab27 4:Cbbiaaaaaaaaaa On/Off device: OFF

Evap. Config. Eab31 5:Cccaaaaaaaaaaa Real time clock: sinc with CDU DD: 3 mm:12 YY:17 HH:10 MM:52

Connection to ULTRACELLA

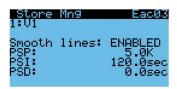
8.5 MPXPRO and ULTRACELLA/EVO CAREL regulation



Evaporator 3/4s
a.I/O status
b.Configuration
c.Regulation







Store Mn9 Eac04 1:V1 Evaporat.power : 300W Initial valve position at startup : 30% time after defr.:10min Select "Evaporator" and press "Enter".

Select "Regulation" and press "Enter".

St	Regulation setpoint			
Rd	Differential			
PLt	Offset, below the setpoint, to switch off the regulation (Smooth Lines)			
PHs	Maximum superheat offset (Smooth Lines)			

Р3	Superheat setpoint		
P4 Control valve: Proportional gain			
P5	Control valve: Integral time		
P6	Control valve: Derivative time		
P7	Low Superheat threshold		

PSP	Smooth Line: Proportional gain
PSI	Smooth Line: Integral time
PSD	Smooth Line: Derivative time



9 Serial Communication (PSD drivers, Evaporators and Supervisory System)

9.1 Communication with evaporators (features and requirements)

CUBO2 Smart condensing unit is managed by HECU controller (Carel). In case the controllers used to manage the refrigerated units are Carel too (MPXPRO or ULTRACELLA), they can be connected via RS485 serial line to the HECU.

The main benefits coming from this serial communication between condensing unit and evaporators are:

- ☑ Optimized oil management with "Oil washing function"
- ☑ Optimized suction pressure regulation by using "Floating Setpoint".
- ☑ Evaporator setup and monitoring directly by Cubo2 Smart user interface.

The communication between condensing unit and evaporators controller is allowed only with some specific model of controllers (MPXPRO or ULTRACELLA, with **Carel ExV valves only**) equipped with a specific software version. Please, refer to the below tables to check the compatibility.

MPXPRO

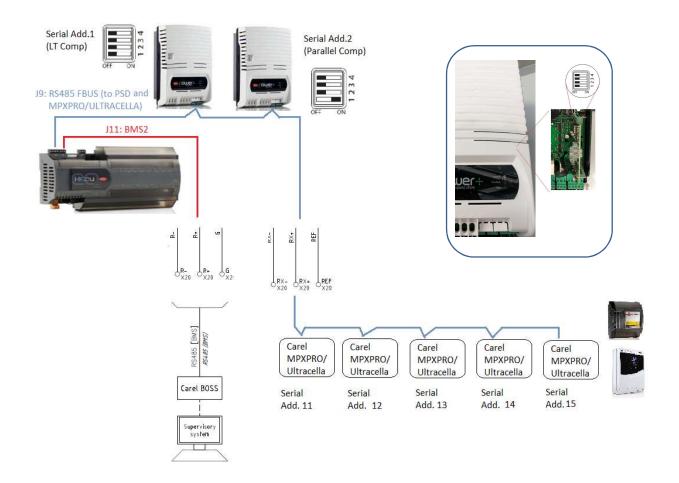
CUBO2 Smart		Compatible for serial communication (YES/NO) Type of electronic expansion valve			
SW version	MPXPRO SW version				
(Hecu)		EXV Carel	PWM or Tev		
2.1.362 or previous	3.3 or higher	YES	NO		
2.1.662	3.3 or higher	YES	NO		
3.0.12	3.3 or higher	YES	NO		

ULTRACELLA

		Compatible for serial communication (YES/NO) EXV driver model for Carel valves ONLY			
CUBO2 Smart SW version	ULTRACELLA				
(Hecu)	SW version	EVD Evo (SW version 5.6 or higher)	EVDice		
2.1.362 or previous	Any version	NO	NO		
2.1.662	1.9 - 2.0	YES	NO		
2.1.002	2.1	YES	NO		
3.0.12	1.9 - 2.0	YES	NO		
3.0.12	2.1	YES	YES		



9.2 Serial connections and wirings



MPXPRO/ULTACELLA connector to use for the serial connection with HECU (RX-, RX+, REF)

Carel Controller	Connection Port	Note
MPXPRO	Supervisor R5485 Shield	Terminals: GND, Tx/Rx+, Tx/Rx- Modbus, 19200bps
ULTRACELLA	## 47 46 45 44 43	BMS Terminals 52, 53, 54 Modbus, 19200bps

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10 Recommended Annual Checks

These checks should be carried out in conjunction with the customers' requirements.

Compressor and Inverter Check	
The compressor should inspected: - unusual sounds - unusual vibrations - excessive temperature of the shell	 Check tightness of all electrical terminals. Check compressor bolting to the base Control compressor running current is within compressor data Check the temperature of the body to detect possible lack of lubrication. Top up oil in necessary
Pressure vessels	
All vessels should be inspected as per local laws and customers' requirements	 Inspect insulation for damage and repair as necessary Investigate for any signs of corrosion Investigate for any presence of leaks
Liquid drier	
Liquid drier filter should be replaced every 2 years	Check temperature drop across the filter
Gas coolers	
Whilst an annual check must be carried out, it is recommended that gas coolers is maintained cleaned to assure good performance of the system	 Keep the gas cooler coil clean from dirt, poller and leaves A maintenance visit is recommended in spring and autumn
Pressure switch	
High pressure switch must be checked to ensure the safe operation of the unit.	 Test the correct cut out of the HP pressure switch to ensure activation and reset at correct pressure Functionality of the electrical circuits must be verified at this point
Pressure Relief Valve	
Check the PRV valve is up to date	Procedures for Relief valve replacement
The PRVs must be tested for refrigerant tightness and replaced as per manufacturers guidelines <u>or</u> customers' requirements/ local legislation	Option 1 (STANDARD UNIT): single PRV valve connected to a valve with metal seal The following procedure requires a new safety valve available for replacing 1. Close the evaporator valves and wait the compressor switches OFF by pump down 2. Turn off the unit via the keypad and main isolator when the unit stops 3. Remove the top panel and frontal panel (where there is the GC fan) to easily access

to the receiver compartment





- 4. The replacement must take place within 15 minutes of closing the ball valve in front of PRV in order to avoid a pressure increases in the receiver. You might keep the pressure monitored installing a pressure gauge in the liquid service port
- 5. Shut off the sealed ball valve 99
- 6. Remove the installed safety valve 145 and replace with new one (apply PFTE Teflon tape on the valve thread)
- 7. Open the ball valve 99 and be sure to reapply the metal seal while the valve is in "open" position
- 8. Check for leaks on the safety valve with soapy water
- 9. Reinstall the panels
- 10. Switch on the main isolator and restart the unit and refrigerators

Option 2 (available on-demand as spare part): 2 pressure relief valves connected via a changeover valve

With this option, the replacement procedure will be quicker.

- 1. Close the evaporator valves and wait the compressor switches OFF by pump down
- 2. Turn off the unit via the keypad and main isolator when the unit stops
- 3. Remove the top panel and frontal panel (with the GC fan) to easily access to the receiver compartment
- 4. Through the changeover valve disconnect the PRV valve you need to replace
- 5. Replace the PRV valve with new one (apply Teflon tape on the valve thread)
- 6. Through the changeover valve connect again the PRV valve has been replaced
- 7. Check for leaks on the safety valve with soapy water
- 8. Reinstall the panels
- 9. Switch on the main isolator
- 10. Restart the unit and refrigerators

Unit operation



The operation of the unit should be checked to detect faults in the controller, valves or sensors. Consult alarm logs	 Check operation of HP & MP valves Check calibration of temperature probes and pressure transducers Check alarm logs for present and past alarms investigate and correct as necessary
General overview	
A general inspection should be carried out	 Carry out a full system leak test Repair any missing or broken insulation Check functionality of all electrical components Check functionality of pack anti-vibration mounts Check all pipework and supports Ensure all valve caps and electrical guards are present.



11 List of alarms

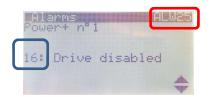
When an alarm occurs in the controller the alarm icon in the user display will be switched ON and it will start to blink ().

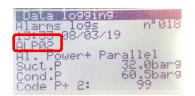
To get more alarm details you should check the alarm masks available in the display.

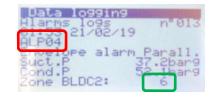
These mask contains several information (date and time, description, suct. and disch. Pressure, codes) that could help the user to identify the possible alarm reason and to understand which checks to perform.

Here below some details about how to interpret the different codes shown in the alarm masks.

- Highlighted in **RED** the main alarm reference → Check the HECU alarm table to get more details
- Highlighted in **BLUE** the PSD (POWER+) alarm code → Check the PSD (Power+) alarm table to get more details
- Highlighted in **GREEN** the Envelope Zone that caused a compressor shut-off → Check the Envelope Zone table to get more details (at page 34)







11.1 Hecu alarm

In the below table we reported a quick description about the Condensing Unit alarm with the main action made by the controller.

The alarm Index to refer is the one reported in the alarm masks or in the alarm logs (please find an example in the below picture. The Mask Index is the one highlighted in red).



Mask index	Topic	Description	Serious alarm	Normal alarm	Action	Delay	Reset
ALU02	BES	Regulation probes missing. One of the main probe is missing or wrong configured: P_suc, P_GC, T_out_GC, P_receiver or Pparallel_Suct	х		Shutdown Unit	No delay	Automatic
ALA01	PROBES	Discharge temperature probe broken or disconnected. Discharge temperature probe could be broken, disconnected or not properly configured		х	No action on the regulation The function that reduce the compressor speed to prevent High Discharge temperature will be	No delay	Automatic



Mask index	Topic	Description	Serious alarm	Normal alarm	Action	Delay	Reset
					disabled (mask Hb02 and Hb03)		
ALA02		Gas cooler pressure probe broken or disconnected. Gas cooler pressure probe broken, disconnected or not properly configured		Х	No action on the regulation The opening of HPV valve will be fixed at a safety value settable in mask Fhb13	No delay	Automatic
ALA03		External temperature probe broken or disconnected. External temperature probe could be broken, disconnected or not properly configured		X	All Functions managed by this probe will be disabled: - Floating Condensing setpoint - auto-switch of regulation on T_ext in case of T_outlet_GC is fault (mask Dag14) - speed up gas cooler fan according to T_ext (mask Dag13)	No delay	Automatic
ALA24		Suction pressure probe broken or disconnected. Suction pressure probe broken, disconnected or not properly configured	х		Shut off of LT/MT compressor (according to the setting made on mask Cag03)	No delay	Automatic
ALA25		Suction temperature probe broken or disconnected. Suction temperature probe broken, disconnected or not properly configured		х	No action on the regulation	No delay	Automatic
ALA43		gas cooler out temp.probe broken. Gas Cooler outlet temperature probe broken, disconnected or not properly configured	х		Shut off Gas Cooler fan	No delay	Automatic
ALA55		Parallel line suction pressure probe broken or disconnected. Parallel suction pressure probe broken, disconnected or not properly configured		Х	No action on the regulation Parallel Compressor will be shuted off by regulation	No delay	Automatic
ALA 56		Parallel line suction temperature probe broken or disconnected. Parallel suction temperature probe broken, disconnected or not properly configured		Х	No action on the regulation	No delay	Automatic
ALA57		LT line discharge pressure probe broken or disconnected. LT discharge pressure probe broken, disconnected or not properly configured	Х		Shut off LT compressor	No delay	Automatic
ALA58		LT line discharge temp probe broken or disconnected. LT discharge temperature probe broken, disconnected or not properly configured		х	No action	No delay	Automatic
ALB02	GAS COOLER PRESSU		х		Shut off Parallel/MT compressor	Settable (by mask Hc01)	Automatic / manual



Mask index	Topic	Description	Serious alarm	Normal alarm	Action	Delay	Reset
		when Gas Cooler pressure is higher than the pressure switch threshold					
ALB03		Low condensing pressure alarm. Gas Cooler pressure is lower than the threshold set in the mask De07	Х		Shut off the Gas Cooler fan	Settable (by mask De03)	Automatic
ALB04		High condensing pressure alarm. Gas Cooler pressure is higher than the threshold set in the mask De06	×		Forces Gas Cooler fan at 100%	Settable (by mask De01)	Automatic
ALB15		High suction pressure. Suction pressure higher than alarm threshold (settable by mask Cae24)		x	No action	Settable (by mask Cae25)	Automatic
ALB16	SUCTION	Low suction pressure. Suction pressure (read by probe) lower than the alarm threshold (settable by mask Cae26)		×	Shut off LT/MT compressor (settable by mask Cae27)	Settable (by mask Cae27)	Automatic
ALB21	GAS COOLER PRESSURE	Blocking alarm for high pressure prevent. When GC pressure rises above the prevent threshold the compressor speed is reduced up to switch off the compressor. The threshold is settable in mask Hb01	×		Decrease the compressor speed and after a delay Shut off the compressor	No delay	Automatic / manual
ALG01	RIC	Al_Clock. No communication between CPU and Internal clock		×	Disable all functions involving scheduler	No delay	
ALG02	GENERIC	Extended memory error. Faulty controller	Х		Shut off the unit	No delay	
ALG03	EVAPORATORS	Unreliable condition because of no MPXPRO connected. The unit will switch OFF in xx hours. System shut off the unit when some controller for evaporators have been configured in fieldbus but they result off-line		×	Shut off the unit		
ALT15	НЕАТ	Low shuperheat alarm. Low SH alarm settable by mask Cae30 (threshold and delay). A warning for Low SH will be issued without any delay		х	No action (by default). A compressor shut off can be configured by mask Cae30	Settable by mask Cae30	Automatic / manual (settable by mask Cae30)
ALT19	SUPERHEAT	DSH Low liquid flowback. This alarm occurs when suction SH is lower than 0 K AND discharge SH (DSH) is lower than 10 K for a period higher than the one set in mask Cae41		x	Shut off compressor	Settable by mask Cae41	Automatic / manual (default)
ALT20	CAL	HPV Valve position warning. HPV valve opening is higher that a threshold for a certain time (settable by mask Fhb30)		×	No action	Settable by mask Fhb30	Automatic
ALT17	TRANSCRITICAL	Warning setpoint HPV. Gas cooler press.too low/high, different from current setpoint. Difference between Gas Cooler Pressure and HPV setpoint is greater than the threshold set on mask Fhb20 (disabled by default).		×	No action	Settable by mask Fhb20	Automatic



Mask index	Topic	Description	Serious alarm	Normal alarm	Action	Delay	Reset
ALT18	High receiver pressure alarm. Receiver Pressure higher than alarm threshold settable by mask Fhb28			х	Shut off compressor (according to configuration made in mask Cbe42 and Fhb28)	Settable by mask Fhb28	Automatic
ALW10	SUPERHEA T	Warning low superheat. Suction SH of MT/LT compressor lower than alarm threshold (set on mask Cae30). No delay is used to issue the warning.		х	No action (it is just a warning)	No delay	Automatic
ALW24		Power plus device offline. No communication between HECU controller and PSD (Inverter for compressor BLDC)	х		Shut Off compressor	No delay	Automatic
ALW25		Power+ inverter alarm. Generic Alarm of the PSD (LT/MT compressor). More details about the alarm code of the inverter is reported in the same mask.		х	Shut Off compressor	No delay	Automatic
ALW26	SSOR	Compressor start failure. Delta Pressure between suction and discharge does not increase after the compressor start	×		Compressor shut off. Compressor restarts after a delay if this alrm does not occur more than 5 times in 60 minutes	Settable by mask Cag51	Automatic/ manual (if it occurs more than 5 times in 60 minutes)
ALW27	LT COMPRESSOR	Envelope alarm. Compressor is working out of admitted envelope. The current operating zone is reported in the same mask		х	Shut Off compressor	Settable by mask Cag55	Automatic
ALW28		High discharge gas temperature. Discharge temperature measured by the probe is higher than the Alarm threshold set on mask Hb02	x		Shut Off compressor	No delay	Automatic
ALW29		Compressor Low pressure differential (insufficient lubrication). Low delta pressure between suction pressure and discharge pressure		x	No Action	Settable by mask mask Cag55	Automatic
ALW30		Inverter model not compatible (Power+ only allowed). The inverter model is not compatible with the compressor size configured on mask Cag12		X	Compressor does not start	No delay	Automatic
ALP01	SSOR	Power + n.2 offline (Parallel Comp). No communication between HECU controller and PSD (Inverter for compressor BLDC) of Parallel Compressor		х	Shut Off Parallel compressor	No delay	Automatic
ALP02	PARALLEL COMPRESSOR	Alarm Power+ Parallel Compressor. Generic Alarm of the PSD (Parallel compressor). More details about the alarm code of the inverter is reported in the same mask.		х	Shut Off Parallel compressor	No delay	Automatic
ALP03	PARA	Parallel compressor start failure. Delta Pressure between suction and discharge does not increase after the compressor start	х		Compressor shut off. Compressor restarts after a delay if this alrm does not occur more than 5 times in 60 minutes	Settable by mask Cbg51	Automatic/ manual (if it occurs more than 5 times in



Mask index	Topic	Description	Serious alarm	Normal alarm	Action	Delay	Reset
							60 minutes)
ALP04		Parallel compressor envelop alarm. Compressor is working out of admitted envelope. The current operating zone is reported in the same mask		Х	Shut Off Parallel compressor	Settable by mask Cbg55	Automatic
ALP05		Parallel compressor high discharge gas temperature. Discharge temperature measured by the probe is higher than the Alarm threshold set on mask Cag57		х	Shut Off Parallel compressor	No delay	Automatic
ALP06		Parallel compressor low pressure differential (insufficient lubrication). The pressure difference between suction and discharge of parallel compressor is too low.		х	Compressor Shut off	Settable by mask Cbg55	Automatic
ALP07		Parallel compressor inverter model not compatible (power+ only allowed). The inverter model is not compatible with the compressor size configured on mask Cag12		х	Parallel compressor does not start	No delay	Automatic
ALW40- 53-66- 79-92		Store number: !! OFFLINE !!	Х		Not present R2 2		
ALW41- 54-67- 80-93		Store number: Low temperature alarm [Generic Probe 1]		Х	Display only (refer to MPXPRO / Ultracella user manual)		
ALW42- 55-68- 81-94		Store number: High temperature alarm [Generic Probe 1]		Х	Display only (refer to MPXPRO / Ultracella user manual)		
ALW43- 56-69- 82-95		Store number: Low temperature alarm [Generic Probe 2]		X	Display only (refer to MPXPRO / Ultracella user manual)		
ALW44- 57-70- 83-96	TORS	Store number: High temperature alarm [Generic Probe 2]		Х	Display only (refer to MPXPRO / Ultracella user manual)		
ALW45- 58-71- 84-97	EVAPORATORS	Store number: Defrost timeout		Х	Display only (refer to MPXPRO / Ultracella user manual)		
ALW46- 59-72- 85-98		Store number: Low superheat alarm		Х	Display only (refer to MPXPRO / Ultracella user manual)		
ALW47- 60-73- 86-99		Store number: Low suction temp.alarm		Х	Display only (refer to MPXPRO / Ultracella user manual)		
ALW48- 61-74- 87- ALZ00		Store number: MOP alarm		Х	Display only (refer to MPXPRO / Ultracella user manual)		
ALW49- 62-75- 88- ALZ01		Store number: LOP alarm		×	Display only (refer to MPXPRO / Ultracella user manual)		



Mask index	Topic	Description	Serious alarm	Normal alarm	Action	Delay	Reset
ALW50-		Store number: Stepper driver		Х	Display only (refer to		
63-76-		communication error			MPXPRO / Ultracella user		
89-					manual)		
ALZ02							
ALW51-		Store number: Stepper motor error		Х	Display only (refer to		
64-77-					MPXPRO / Ultracella user		
90-					manual)		
ALZ03							
ALW52-	1	Store number: Installation or config		X	Display only (refer to		
65-78-		problems on EEV driver			MPXPRO / Ultracella user		
91-					manual)		
ALZ04							



11.2 PSD (Power+) alarm code

In the below table we reported a quick description about the PSD alarm code could occur in the unit with the possible causes and solutions.

The PSD (Power+) alarm code is reported in the alarm masks or in the alarm logs (please find an example in the below picture).



Alarm	Description	Possible cause	Solutions
code			
0	No alarm	-	-
1	Overcurrent	The drive has detected a current supplied that is too high due to: - sudden strong load increase; - acceleration that is too high; - wrong parameters values or inadequate motor.	Check the load, the dimension of the motor and the cables. Decrease acceleration. Check the motor parameters
2	Motor overload		Check the load, the dimension of the motor and the cables. Check the motor parameters.
3	Overvoltage	The DC voltage of the intermediate circuit has exceeded the limits envisioned due to: - deceleration that is too high; - high over-voltage peaks on the power supply network.	
4	Undervoltage	The DC voltage of the intermediate circuit is below the limits envisioned due to: - insufficient power supply voltage; - fault inside the drive.	In the event of temporary cut-off of the power supply, reset the alarm and re-start the drive. Check the power supply voltage.
5	Drive overtemperature	The temperature inside the drive has exceeded the maximum level allowed.	Check that the quantity and flow of cooling air are regular. Check that there is not dust in the heat sink. Check the environment temperature. Ensure that the switching frequency is not too high with respect to the environment temperature and the motor load.
6	Drive undertemperature	The temperature of the drive is inferior to the minimum level allowed.	Warm up the ambient where the drive is installed.
7	Overcurrent HW	The drive has detected an istantaneous current supplied that is too high due to: - sudden strong load increase; - motor cables short circuit;	Check the load, the dimension of the motor and the cables. Check the motor parameters.



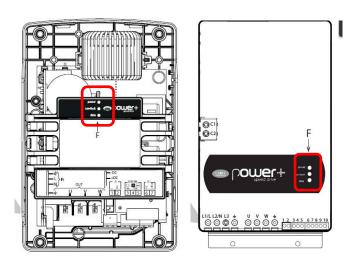
Δlarm	Description	Possible cause	Solutions
code	Description	1 0551510 00050	Solutions
couc			
		 wrong parameters values or inadequate motor. 	
8	Motor overtemperature	The temperature detected by the PTC	Poduse the meter lead
0	<u>-</u>	thermistor corresponds to a resistance >	
		2600 ohm.	check motor coomig.
9	Reserved (for future	2000 0	
9	use)		
10	CPU error	Loss of data in memory	Call for assistance
	Parameter default		
11	Parameter default	Execution of reset parameter default command;	
		Parameters user setting corrupted	
10	D.Ch		
12	DCbus ripple		Check the input power supply phases to the
		power supply unbalance	drive, reduce motor power (speed)
13		Data reception failure	Check the serial connection. Switch the drive
	fault		off and back on again.
14	Drive thermistor fault	Internal fault	Call for assistance
15	Autotuning fault	Wrong parameter values	Check the parameter values
			Restart the command again
16	Driver disabled (STO	Cable disconnected	Check the wiring.
	input open or de-	Operation of external contactor	Restore external contactor
	energized)	24V power supply loss	
17	Motor phase fault (**)	Motor cable disconnected	Check the connections of the motor cable
18	Reserved (for future		
	use)		
19	Speed fault	Wrong parameters values or unsuited load	Switch the drive off and back on again and
			check the parameters are properly set. Check
			the motor load.
20	PFC module error	PFC overcurrent	Call for assistance
21	Power supply	Too high power supply voltage	Check input power supply and if inductive
	overvoltage		load generating overvoltage are connected to
			the line
22	Power supply	Too low power supply voltage	Check input power supply
	undervoltage		
23	STO detection error	Internal fault	Call for assistance
24	Reserved (for future		
	use)		
25	Ground fault	The drive has detected a ground current too	Check ground insulation of the motor and
		high	wires .
26	CPU sync error 1	Overload CPU	Call for assistance
27	CPU sync error 2	Loss of data in memory	Call for assistance
28	Drive overload	<u> </u>	Check the load, the dimension of the motor
		* *	and the cables. Check the motor parameters.
		accepted	
		•	



Alarm	Description	Possible cause	Solutions
code			
99			Check power supply stability (this behaviour
		misalignment between the RUN command	can happen if there are some undervoltage
		provide by the controller and the internal	peak in the main power supply).
		status of PSD (that is in OFF)	

11.3 PSD led status

In case of PSD alarm, could be useful to check also the led status directly in the PSD.



Status/color	Description			
green	drive powered			
green	drive is running			
red	fault			
yellow	communication active			
	green green red			



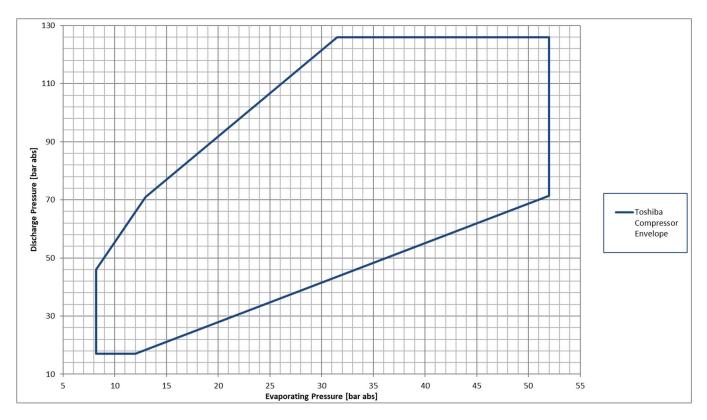
12 Troubleshooting

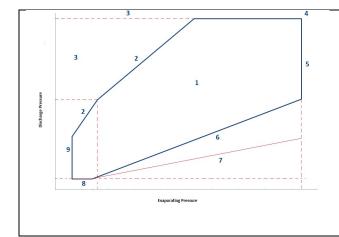
Symptom/alarm	Possible Cause	Check
Probes alarm/ wrong reading	 - wrong connection - wrong configuration - wrong range (for pressure probe) - wrong type of probe - wrong placement of probe - broken probe 	Check the connection and the configuration of the probe: - type of probe - wirings - probes range (min and max) - compare the value read by the probe with the value read by a manometer
Missing communication between Hecu and PSD (power+/Inverter)/ ALP01/ ALW24	-Power plus device offlineNo communication between HECU controller and PSD (Inverter for compressor BLDC)	- check the PSD power supply (it must be powered) - check the RS485 wiring between HECU and PSD - check the serial address set in the PSD (dip switch configuration) - check the PSD address set in the HECU controller
LT compressor does not start	- Some blocking alarm is forcing off the compressor - Regulation status of the unit is OFF - Most of evaporators are performing a defrost (only if evaporators controller are connected to the CDU via RS485) - Wrong configuration of PSD (power+ driver)	- Check the active alarm and try to reset the alarm (consulting the alarms table suggestions) - Switch ON the unit - Check the Defrost setting on mask FBB15 (only if evaporators controller are connected to the CDU via RS485) - Force the download settings from Hecu Controller to PSD
Parallel compressor does not start	- Some blocking alarm is forcing off the compressor -Regulation status of the unit is OFF -The LT compressor is OFF - Wrong configuration of PSD (power+ driver)	 Check the active alarm and try to reset the alarm (consulting the alarms table suggestions) Switch ON the unit Check the configuration of DSS (Fib05) Force the download settings from Hecu Controller to PSD
Missing communication between Hecu and evaporators (MPXPRO/ULTRACELLA)/ ALW37	- Wrong connection of serial line - Wrong serial address setting	 Check the RS485 wirings/connection Check the serial address set in the evaporator controller Check the protocol and baudrate (Modbus, 19200bps)
Low SH alarm or DSH alarm (ALW10/ ALT15/ ALT15)	 Liquid is coming back to the compressor Wrong reading of SH probes (temp. and pressure) Wrong reading of discharge temp probe 	- Check the SH in the evaporator - Check the right operation of Expansion valve in the evaporator - Check the position of the probe and be sure they are reading properly - (for MT Comp or Parallel comp) check that liquid is not coming back from RPRV valve. This can happen in case of an overcharge of refrigerant



13 Compressor Envelope

Compressor envelope zone consists in the safety area (Suction/discharge pressure) where compressor is allowed to run without problem.

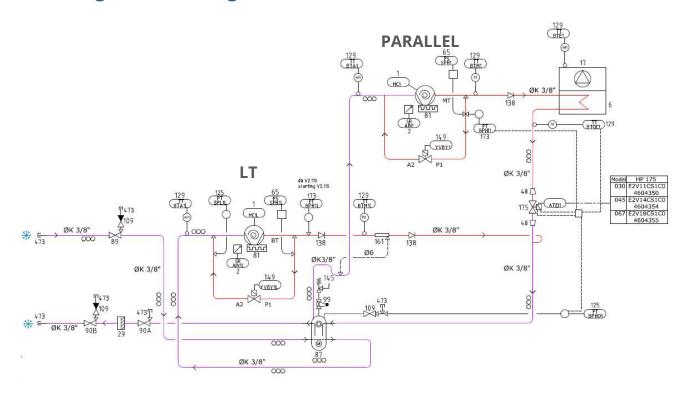




Envelope Zone #	Description					
1	Inside envelope					
2	High compressor ratio					
3	High condensing pressure					
4	High current					
5	High suction pressure					
6	Low compressor ratio					
7	Low delta pressure					
8	Low condensing pressure					
9	Low suction pressure					



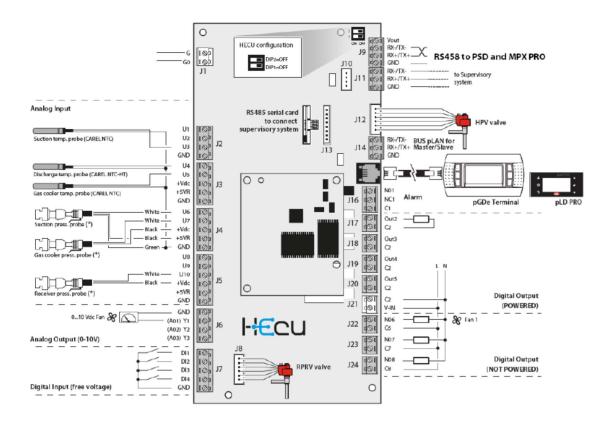
14 Refrigerant drawing (P&I)



Pos.	Ref.	Description	Note 1	Note 2
1	1 (MC1L)	Rotary Compressor LT		
2	1 (MC1)	Rotary Compressor Paral.		
3	2 (AIN1L)	Inverter LT		
4	2 (AIN1)	Inverter Paral.		
5	6	Gas Cooler coil		
6	17	Gas Cooler fan		
7	29	Refrigerant filter Dryer		
8	65 (SPH1L)	HP safety switch LT		
9	65 (SPH1)	HP safety switch Paral.		
10	81	Cranckase heating		
11	87	Liquid receiver (8L)		
12	89	Suction shut-off valve		
13	90A	Liquid shut-off valve (upstream 29)		
14	90B	Liquid shut-off valve		
15	109	Service valve (diff. models)		
16	125 (BP1L)	Low pres. transd. LT / Regolation		
17	125 (BPHO1)	Low pres. transd. Paral. / Receiver		
18	129 (BTA1L)	Comp. Suction temp. probe LT		
19	129 (BTAO1)	Comp. Suction temp. probe Paral.		
20	129 (BTM1)	Comp. Discharge temp. probe Paral.		
21	129 (BTE1)	Ambient temperature probe		
22	129 (BTGC1)	GC outlet temp. probe		
23	138	Check valve		
24	145	Pressure Relief Valve		
25	149 (YVBY1L)	By-pass solenoid valve LT		
26	149 (YVBY1)	By-pass solenoid valve Paral.		
27	161	Oil separator		
28	173 (BPHI1)	Discharge pressure transd. Paral		
29	173 (BPH1L)	Discharge pressure transd. LT (option)		
30	175 (ATEI1)	High Pressure Valve (HPV)		
31	473	Service outlet		



15 **HECU Controller layout**



Ana	log Inputs	Digit	al Inputs	Analog Ouput Digital Ouput		uput	
U1	Discharge temp. LT	DI1	ON/OFF remote	Y1	Modulating fans	NO1-C1	Serious alarm
U2	Ambient temperature	DI2	High pressostat alarm	Y2	-	NO2-C2	By-pass solenoid valve Paral
U3	Suction temp. Paral.	DI3	Evaporator Request	Y3	-	NO3-C3	By-pass solenoid valve LT
U4	Discharge temp. LT	DI4	Change Setpoint			NO4-C4	-
U5	Gas Cooler Outlet temp.	DI5				NO5-C5	-
U6	Discharge pres. LT (Option)					NO6-C6	-
U7	Discharge pres. Trans. Paral					NO7-C7	Compressor Ready
U8	Suction temp. LT					NO8-C8	Cabinet washing
U9	Suction pres. LT comp						
U1 0	Suction pres. Paral. Comp./Receiver						



16 Terminals blocks connection

☑ BMS serial connection, use terminal blocks:

R-; R+; G.

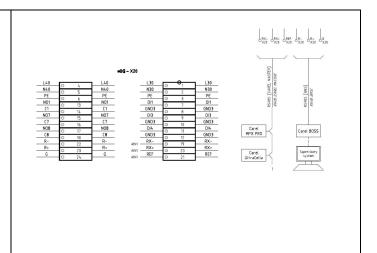
- ☑ On/off remote, use terminal blocks: DI1; GND3 (Remove bridge also present).
- ☑ Remote digital alarm, use terminal blocks:

NO1; C (closed in case of alarm).

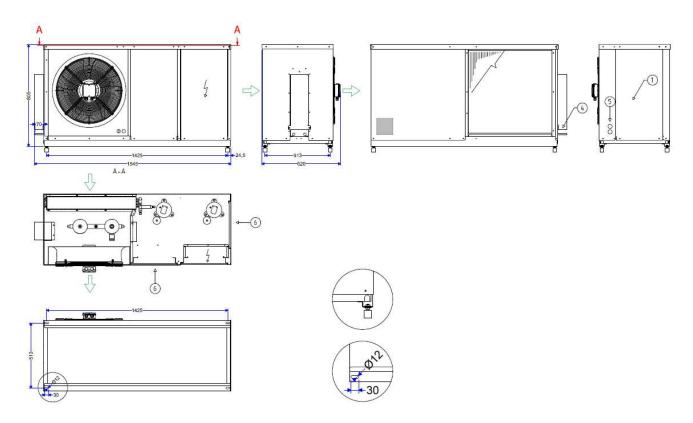
☑ CAREL Remote evap. lan, use terminal blocks:

Rx-; Rx+; REF.

☑ Adiabatic ramp power supply, use terminal blocks: L30; N30; PE.



17 Dimensional drawing





18 General information and limits

		General Cha	racteristics				
	Cubo2Smart line models	UMT T 030 BT DX	UMT T 045 BT DX	UMT T 067 BT DX			
	Refrigerant		R744 (CO2)				
Compressor	Toshiba	1x DY30N1F-10FU - BT 1x DY30N1F-10FU - Paral.	1x DY45N1F-10FU BT 1x DY45N1F-10FU Paral.	1x DY67L1F-10FU - BT 1x DY67L1F-10FU - Paral.			
Motor	Rotary Compressors	IX DISORTI-TOTO - Parai.	IX D145IVII-101 0 Farai.				
	Number of cylinders	1	1	2			
	Number of poles		4				
	Moto type		DC Brushless				
	Revolution range	25 ≈ 100 rps	25 ≈ 100 rps	25 ≈ 100 rps			
	Oil charged per Rotary Compressor	520 ml 520 ml 450 ml					
	Oil type	PAG VG100					
	Discharge pressure	125 bar max	125 bar max	125 bar max			
	Suction pressure	12 ≈ 41 bar 12 ≈ 41 bar 12 ≈ 41 bar					
	Evaporating temp.	-30 °C ≈ -20 °C					
	Susction Superheating	10 K ≈ 20 K					
	Discharge temperature	max 130 °C					
	Ambient temp.	-15 °C ≈ +43 °C (Above 38 °C ambient, adiabati	c option is required)			
	•	-20 °C only with winter kit option					
System	EC fans (max)		1x In = 2,2A - P abs = 345W				
	Receiver	8 It (The max permitted CO2 charge must guaranty that, in case of pump down at EE in front of Evaporators, refrigerant inside the receiver will not exceed 7.2kg)					
	Suction line	3/8" K65 (9,52mm)	3/8" K65 (9,52mm)	3/8" K65 (9,52mm)			
	Liquid line	3/8" K65 (9,52mm)	3/8" K65 (9,52mm)	3/8" K65 (9,52mm)			
	PS Suction / Liquid	80 bar / 80 bar					
	PED Category		II				
	Dimensions (A x B x H)		1545 x 620 x 805 mm				
Generic	Transport dimensions (A x B x H)		1650 x 650 x 950 mm				
	(Net) Gross weight		(176 Kg) 194 Kg				
	Transport way		Pallet & Carton				
	Painted		RAL 7035				
	Sound level (max speed)1)	44 dBA	44 dBA	44 dBA			

19 Electrical details

Electrical Information							
Cubo2 Smart line Size	UMTT 030 BT DX	UMTT 067 BT DX					
Power Suply	230V/1Ph-	400V/3Ph+N+PE/50Hz					
Recommended protection	Circuit Breaker C 20A	Circuit Breaker C 25 A	Circuit Breaker C 25 A				
MRA	16,1 A	22,9 A	20,4 A				
P abs max	3530 W	7410 W					
MRA = Maximjum Rated Abs.							

[☑] Unit is made in accordance with EN-60204-1. All electrical cabling, in external unit, have been made in accordance with EN-60204-1.

All connection must be done by qualified persons according to legal standards in force in the relevant countries and to EN-60204-1. Supply cable must be connected on terminal of upstream main switch. Connect wire of ground (PE), from specific terminal block to system protection.



20 Cooling capacity Table

UMTT 030 BT	X [Tentative Dat	a]						
Cooling Capacity [W] SC:0 K - SH:10 K								
	lin speed			Eva	porating SST			
N	iiii speeu		-40	-35	-30	-25	-20	
	Tamb °C		9,0	11,0	13,3	15,8	18,7	
	40			511	598	705	787	
	37			511	624	737	787	
	32			511	652	760	840	
652	29			511	652	760	840	
	25			511	652	760	840	
	20			511	652	760	840	
	15			511	652	760	840	
	5				TBD			

Max speed		Evaporating SST					
IV	iax speed		-40	-35	-30	-25	-20
	Tamb °C		9,0	11,0	13,3	15,8	18,7
	40			2948	3089	3404	3652
	37			2948	3214	3556	3652
	32			2948	3344	3662	3904
	29			2948	3344	3800	3904
	25			2948	3344	3800	4038
	20			2948	3344	3800	4324
	15			2948	3344	3800	4324
	5			2948	3344	3800	4324

UMTT 045 BTI	DX [Tentative Data]					
		Cooling Capacity	/[W] SC:0 K - SI	H:10 K		
	/lin speed		Ev	aporating SST		
IV	iiii speeu	-40	-35	-30	-25	-20
	Tamb °C	9,0	11,0	13,3	15,8	18,7
	40		772	903	1045	1151
	37		772	943	1054	1157
	32			984	1147	1200
	29			984	1190	1269
	25			984	1190	1311
	20			984	1190	1227
	15			984	1190	1227
	5			984	1190	1227

Max speed		Evaporating SST					
IV	iax speed	-40	-35	-30	-25	-20	
	Tamb °C	9,0	11,0	13,3	15,8	18,7	
	40		4451	4664	5048	5337	
	37		4451	4852	5141	5563	
	32		4451	5049	5331	5700	
	29		4451	5049	5530	5895	
	25		4451	5049	5738	6098	
	20		4451	5049	5738	6309	
	15		4451	5049	5738	6530	
	5		4451	5049	5738	6530	



UMTT 67 BTDX	[Tentative Data]						
Cooling Capacity [W] SC:0 K - SH:10 K								
Min	speed			Evaporating	SST			
IVIIII	speeu	-40	-35	-30	-25	-20		
	Tamb °C	9,0	11,0	13,3	15,8	18,7		
	40		1676	1751	1860	1932		
	37		1676	1827	1897	2002		
	32		1676	1827	1897	2002		
	29		1676	1827	1897	2002		
	25		1676	1908	1907	2247		
	20		1676	1908	1907	2368		
	15		1676	1908	1907	2927		
	5		1676	1908	1907	2927		

Max speed				Evaporating	SST	
		-40	-35	-30	-25	-20
	Tamb °C	9,0	11,0	13,3	15,8	18,7
	40		6628	6872	7268	7539
	37		6628	7158	7405	7797
	32		6628	7158	7545	7797
	29		6628	7158	7835	7797
	25		6628	7456	7835	8643
	20		6628	7456	8452	9109
	15		6628	7456	8452	10982
	5		6628	7456	8452	10982



21 Conversion pressure-temperature CO2 (R744)

Temperature		Pressure		
(°C)	(°F)	(Bar-abs)	(psig)	
-50.0	-58.0	6.8	84	
-49.0	-56.2	7.1	88	
-48.0	-54.4	7.4	93	
-47.0	-52.6	7.7	97	
-46.0	-50.8	8.0	101	
-45.0	-49.0	8.3	106	
-44.0	-47.2	8.6	111	
-43.0	-45.4	9.0	116	
-42.0	-43.6	9.3	121	
-41.0	-41.8	9.7	126	
-40.0	-40.0	10.0	131	
-39.0	-38.2	10.4	136	
-38.0	-36.4	10.8	142	
-37.0	-34.6	11.2	148	
-36.0	-32.8	11.6	154	
-35.0	-31.0	12.0	160	
-34.0	-29.2	12.5	166	
-33.0	-27.4	12.9	172	
-32.0	-25.6	13.3	179	
-31.0	-23.8	13.8	185	
-30.0	-22.0	14.3	192	
-29.0	-20.2	14.8	199	
-28.0	-18.4	15.3	207	
-27.0	-16.6	15.8	214	
-26.0	-14.8	16.3	222	
-25.0	-13.0	16.8	229	
-24.0	-11.2	17.4	237	
-23.0	-9.4	17.9	245	
-22.0	-7.6	18.5	254	
-21.0	-5.8	19.1	262	
-20.0	-4.0	19.7	271	
-19.0	-2.2	20.3	280	
-18.0	-0.4	20.9	289	
-17.0	1.4	21.6	298	
-16.0	3.2	22.2	308	
-15.0	5.0	22.9	317	
-14.0	6.8	23.6	327	
-13.0	8.6	24.3	338	
-12.0	10.4	25.0	348	
-11.0	12.2	25.7	359	
-10.0	14.0	26.5	369	

Temperature		Pressure		
(°C)	(°F)	(Bar-abs)	(psig)	
-9.0	15.8	27.2	380	
-8.0	17.6	28.0	392	
-7.0	19.4	28.8	403	
-6.0	21.2	29.6	415	
-5.0	23.0	30.5	427	
-4.0	24.8	31.3	439	
-3.0	26.6	32.2	452	
-2.0	28.4	33.0	464	
-1.0	30.2	33.9	477	
0.0	32.0	34.9	491	
1.0	33.8	35.8	504	
2.0	35.6	36.7	518	
3.0	37.4	37.7	532	
4.0	39.2	38.7	546	
5.0	41.0	39.7	561	
6.0	42.8	40.7	576	
7.0	44.6	41.8	591	
8.0	46.4	42.8	606	
9.0	48.2	43.9	622	
10.0	50.0	45.0	638	
11.0	51.8	46.1	654	
12.0	53.6	47.3	671	
13.0	55.4	48.5	688	
14.0	57.2	49.7	705	
15.0	59.0	50.9	723	
16.0	60.8	52.1	741	
17.0	62.6	53.4	759	
18.0	64.4	54.7	778	
19.0	66.2	56.0	797	
20.0	68.0	57.3	816	
21.0	69.8	58.6	836	
22.0	71.6	60.0	856	
23.0	73.4	61.4	876	
24.0	75.2	62.9	897	
25.0	77.0	64.3	918	
26.0	78.8	65.8	940	
27.0	80.6	67.4	962	
28.0	82.4	68.9	985	
29.0	84.2	70.5	1008	
30.0	86.0	72.1	1031	
30.9	87.6	73.6	1053	



22 Note	





- SCM reserves possibility to modify or to change at present, without prevent notice.
- > Documentation produced by SCM, is intended as guide for installation.
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